

OUSAX Index Overview Q2 2023

OUSAX Index Summary

Starting Universe: 500 largest U.S. stocks (by mkt cap)

Scoring:

Quality, Volatility and Yield Selection & Weighting:

Select top 100 by score adjusted mkt cap

OUSAX Index

100 Quality Dividend Companies

Quality

- Profitability (ROA)
- Leverage (Net-Debt-to-EBITDA)
- Dividend Quality
 - Dividend Growth (5-year)
 - Dividend Coverage

Volatility

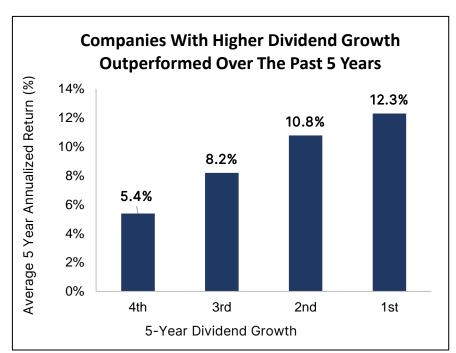
- 5-year weekly standard deviation
- TTM regular cash dividends

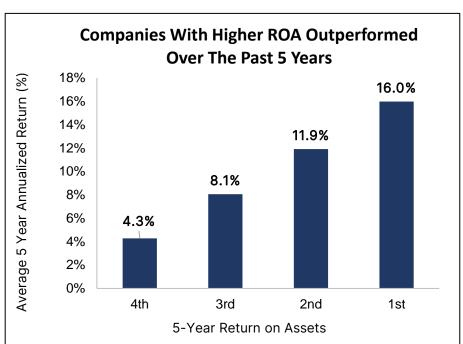
Risk controls:

- 5% single stock cap
- Sector limits

Source: O'Shares.

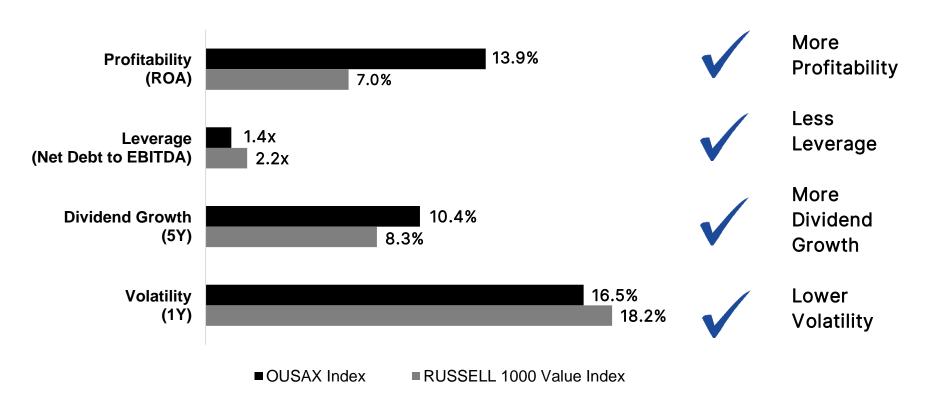
Dividend Quality & Profitability: Potential Key to Finding Winners





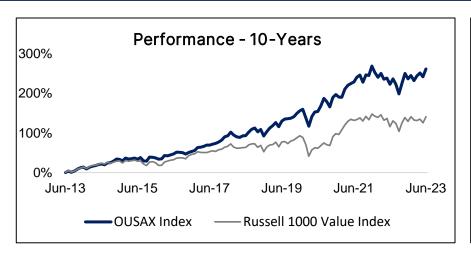
Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data as of 06/30/2023. ROA: Return on Assets. Companies in the S&P 500 Index.

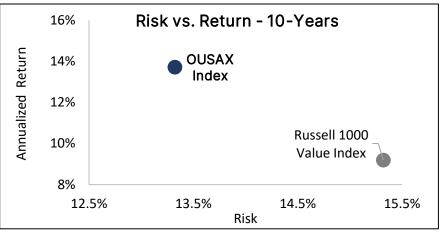
Index Portfolio Metrics



Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data as of 06/30/2023. OUSAX Index: O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index.

OUSAX Index Performance and Risk Metrics



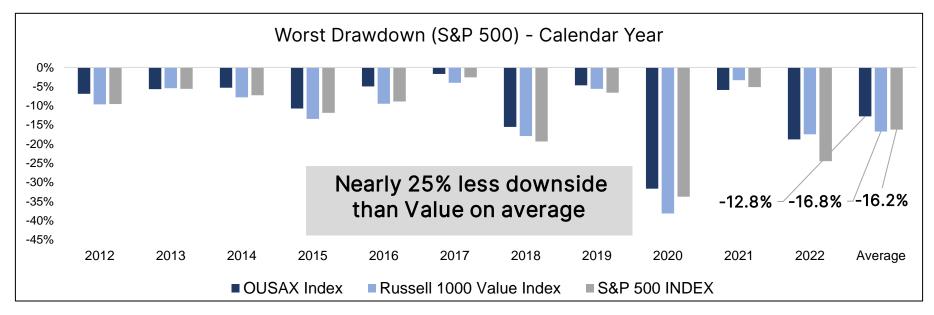


		Per	Risk Metrics (10Y)				
	1	3	5	10	S/I	Volatility	Return/Risk
OUSAX Index	12.0%	12.5%	13.3%	13.7%	11.0%	13.3%	1.03
Russell 1000 Value Index	11.5%	14.3%	8.1%	9.2%	6.9%	15.3%	0.60

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data from 12/21/2007 - 06/30/2023. OUSAX Index: O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index. The performance data presented with respect to the O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index (the "Index") prior to 05/22/2020 represents pre-inception index performance data ("PIP data") to illustrate how the Index may have performed had it been in existence prior to 05/22/2020. PIP data is based on a criteria applied retroactively with the benefit of hindsight and knowledge of factors that may have positively affected its performance and cannot account for all financial risk that may affect the actual performance. While an investor cannot invest directly in the Index, for purposes of showing the PIP data herein, all PIP information represents the Index information. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Historical Risk Scenarios

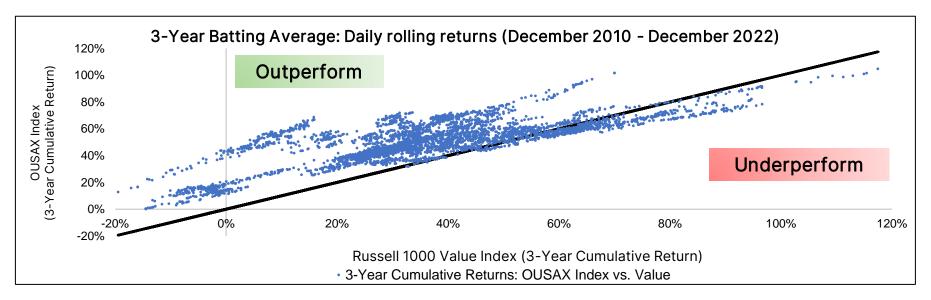
Calendar Year Stress Events: OUSAX Index vs. Russell 1000 Value and S&P 500



Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data from 01/01/2012 - 12/31/2022. OUSAX Index: O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index. The performance data presented with respect to the O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index (the "Index") prior to 05/22/2020 represents pre-inception index performance data ("PIP data") to illustrate how the Index may have performed had it been in existence prior to 05/22/2020. PIP data is based on a criteria applied retroactively with the benefit of hindsight and knowledge of factors that may have positively affected its performance and cannot account for all financial risk that may affect the actual performance. While an investor cannot invest directly in the Index, for purposes of showing the PIP data herein, all PIP information represents the Index information. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

3-Year Batting Average: OUSAX Index vs. Value

Any 3-year holding period: OUSAX Index outperformed Russell 1000 Value 79% of the time



Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data from 12/21/2007 - 06/30/2023. OUSAX Index: O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index. The performance data presented with respect to the O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index (the "Index") prior to 05/22/2020 represents pre-inception index performance data ("PIP data") to illustrate how the Index may have performed had it been in existence prior to 05/22/2020. PIP data is based on a criteria applied retroactively with the benefit of hindsight and knowledge of factors that may have positively affected its performance and cannot account for all financial risk that may affect the actual performance. While an investor cannot invest directly in the Index, for purposes of showing the PIP data herein, all PIP information represents the Index information. Past performance does not quarantee future results.

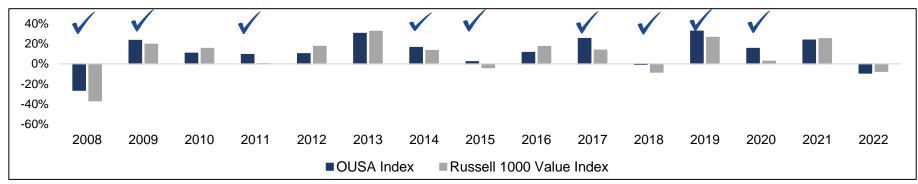
Sector Allocation

Sector	OUSAX Index	Russell 1000 Value	+/-		
Information Technology	20.0%	9.0%	11.0%		
Health Care	18.7%	15.4%	3.4%		
Financials	18.6%	20.7%	-2.1%		
Consumer Discretionary	16.0%	5.2%	10.8%		
Industrials	11.5%	13.3%	-1.8%		
Consumer Staples	10.2%	8.4%	1.8%		
Communication Services	4.9%	4.9%	0.1%		
Energy	0.0%	8.3%	-8.3%		
Utilities	0.0%	5.0%	-5.0%		
Real Estate	0.0%	4.8%	-4.8%		
Materials	0.0%	4.8%	-4.8%		
Total	100%	100%	0%		

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data as of 08/04/2023.

Calendar Year Returns

Index Calendar Year Returns: OUSAX Index vs. Russell 1000 Value



	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
OUSAX Index	-25.8%	24.0%	11.1%	9.9%	10.7%	30.9%	16.8%	2.6%	11.9%	25.8%	-0.2%	33.1%	16.0%	24.3%	-8.8%
Russell 1000 Value Index	-36.9%	19.6%	15.5%	0.4%	17.5%	32.6%	13.4%	-3.8%	17.3%	13.6%	-8.3%	26.5%	2.8%	25.1%	-7.6%

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P. Data from 12/21/2007 - 12/31/2022. OUSAX Index: O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index. The performance data presented with respect to the O'Shares U.S. Quality Dividend Total Return Index (the "Index") prior to 05/22/2020 represents pre-inception index performance data ("PIP data") to illustrate how the Index may have performed had it been in existence prior to 05/22/2020. PIP data is based on a criteria applied retroactively with the benefit of hindsight and knowledge of factors that may have positively affected its performance and cannot account for all financial risk that may affect the actual performance. While an investor cannot invest directly in the Index, for purposes of showing the PIP data herein, all PIP information represents the Index information. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Index and Financial Terms

1st Quartile: Contains the top 25% of companies in the S&P 500 based on average 5-year dividend growth / ROA 2nd Quartile: Contains the top 25%-50% of companies in the S&P 500 based on average 5-year dividend growth / ROA 3rd Quartile: Contains the top 50%-75% of companies in the S&P 500 based on average 5-year dividend growth / ROA 4th Quartile: Contains the bottom 25% of companies in the S&P 500 based on average 5-year dividend growth / roa

Dividend Growth 5Y: Growth rate over five years in net dividend per share.

Leverage: An investment strategy of using borrowed money —specifically, the use of various financial instruments or borrowed capital—to increase the potential return of an investment.

Net Debt to EBITDA: Measure computes the company's ability to pay off its debt by utilizing the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA).

Profitability (ROA): Indicator of how profitable a company is relative to its Total assets, in percentage. Calculated as (Trailing 12M Net Income/ Average Total Assets). Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Russell 1000 Value Index: Measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

S&P 500: Represented by S&P 500 Index. The S&P 500® is widely regarded as the best single gauge of large-cap U.S. equities and serves as the foundation for a wide range of investment products. The index includes 500 leading companies and captures approximately 80% coverage of available market capitalization.

Value: Represented by Russell 1000 Value Index. Measures the performance of those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth values.

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Companies involved with Internet technology and e-commerce are exposed to risks associated with rapid advances in technology, obsolescence of current products and services, the finite life of patents and the constant threat of global competition and substitutes.